## Race to 100

 Level 1The game is designed for children 4, 5 and 6 years old.
One child and an adult instructor, or 2 or 3 play at a time with adult supervision.

Race to $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ Level $\mathbf{1}$ is the beginning of a 2 year journey where the child learns to master basic addition and subtraction facts while playing a series of games and associated activities.

By playing Race to $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ Level 1, the child learns:

- How to advance on a game board.
- How to recognize the numbers 1 to 100.
- How to write his numbers.

These are all skills used in games and activities that follow. Race to $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ Level 1 is the beginning of success. Moving to the next game or activity as soon as possible involves a good acquaintance with Race to 100 Level 1 but not complete mastery of all the skills presented in the game.

If you also own The Dollar Game Level 1, alternate play with Race to $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ Level 1 with The Dollar Game Level 1. This will increase interest and skill building.

## To play pace to 100 Level 1

Race to $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ Level 1 consists of:

- a game board
- 2 different colored decahedrons (10-sided dice)
- 3 frogs to use as markers
- record sheets to practice writing numbers

To play:
1 Place the markers at start.
2 Roll one die; then move the marker to the matching number space on the board.

3 If you roll a zero, you do not move that round.
4 For the second round, roll again and advance the number to the new position. Count out loud $(1,2,3, \ldots$.$) while traveling across the board.$

5
Ask the child to name the number in the space where his marker is now. (Tell him, if he doesn't know.)

6 The first player who reaches 100 wins.
Example: First throw is 5 . While counting out loud $1,2,3,4,5$, move the marker to 5 on the board. Second throw is 8 . Move marker 8 more spaces while counting out loud $1,2,3,4,5,6$, 7,8 and emphasize the new number as being 13. Third throw is 3 . Move 3 spaces counting out loud 1, 2, 3 and talk about the new number being 16 .


## Varlations in Play

## Score Sheets and Simultaneous Play

7 When a child is ready to learn to write numbers, he/she can score a record of the die rolls and all the number positions reached on the game board. See the Race to $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ Level $\mathbf{1}$ example score sheet and note the two columns: one labeled Die Roll and the second labeled Position on Board.

8 If the players are using the score sheet, players can roll their dies simultaneously and record their rolls on the score sheet in the Die Roll column. Then they move their markers on the game board while they announce their new positions. Lastly they record their positions in the Position on Board column. All players reaching 100 in the same round of play are winners.

